

# **Ionizing Radiation Metrology at NIST**





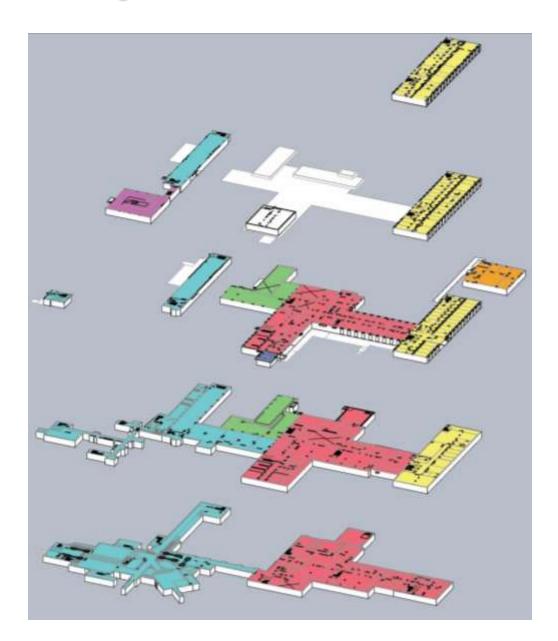
# **Ionizing Radiation Metrology at NIST**





# **Building 245 Today**

- Completed in 1964
- 208,000 gross square feet; 95,200 net square feet
- 5 occupied floor levels & 7 wings
- Purpose built for radiation physics research and measurements:
  - >Half of facility is underground
  - Heavily shielded concrete walls up to 10 feet thick
  - Built with pre-WWII materials: pre-fallout low background levels of radiation that cannot be replicated (concrete & steel shield walls)



# **Project Drivers**

### **Primary Programmatic Drivers**

- From NRC Panel Report FY 1998:
  "programs still suffer from the deterioration in physical plant described in the panel's previous report"
- Work conducted within Building 245 in support of the NIST mission including internal and external requirements and customers (Mission/Program)
- Current and future capability requirements
- Condition of Building 245 and ability to adequately house the Program



# **Mission Needs Gap**

- Research compromised due to facility <u>condition</u>
  - Measurements for new and emerging radionuclides
  - Dosimetry standards for evolving technologies (high dose rate brachytherapy).
  - Continued capability for calibrations (e.g., increasing need in air kerma calibrations)
  - Mission critical precision measurements on material and devices with environmental sensitivity (e.g., optics and space instruments)
- Research compromised due to inadequate or inappropriate space
  - High-dose and high-dose-rate dosimetry (for medical device sterilization, polymer processing, food irradiation, blood irradiation)
  - Test methods and standards validation (for radiation detectors and x-ray screening instruments)
  - Standards in medical imaging (nuclear medicine, PET-MRI, *in-vivo* dosimetry, radiolabeled biomarkers)
  - New beamline facility and improvements to the SURF NASA
    Spectrometer Calibration Facility to meet increasing demands

#### Work performed in Building 245 has critical impact on multiple sectors of the economy

**Examples from Radiation Physics** NIST plays a critical role at the apex of calibrations. radioactivity and dose measurements, and Secondary neutron dosimetry for Calibration Labs many U.S. industries **Tertiary Calibration Labs** Accreditation and Certification Bodies **End-Users** Radiation Environmental Monitorina Security rradiation Protection pplication environmental public worker Applications safety safety

#### **Directly Supports**

- 38.9 million annual mammography procedures (U.S.)
- 81.2 million annual CT procedures (U.S.)
- A \$2 billion brachytherapy (cancer radiation therapy) market (U.S.)
- A \$152.3 million global radiation detection, monitoring and safety market (U.S. - 40% market share)
- Irradiation of 120,000 tons of food annually (U.S.)
- Development of 276 Radioactivity Standard Reference Materials (SRMs), 47 % sold to customers outside of the U.S.

#### Technologies Relying on Traceability to NIST

- Mammography
- External beam therapies (cancer treatment)
- Internal radiation theranies
- PET/CT sca
- Dental and medical x-rays
- Medical fluorosco
- Cardio stress tes
- Metabolic studies (gallbladder, kidney intestines)
- Medical device sterilizatio
- · Innovative public health ted



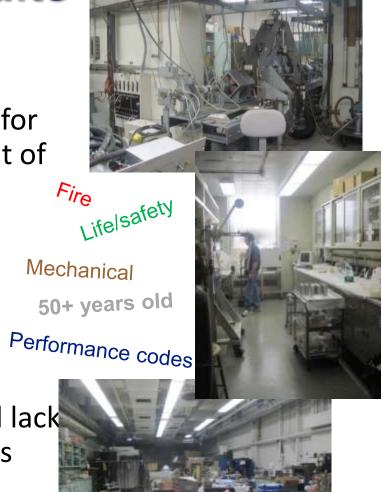
## **Initial Risk Review Results**

### Risks of not proceeding with the Modernization

- Inability to provide calibration services
- Inability to develop test methods and validation of standards for radiation detection equipment as required by the Department of Homeland Security (Safe Port Act )
- Increased sample degradation/contamination and research inefficiencies
- Inability to provide mandated measurement and calibration services to NASA, NOAA and other Federal Agencies
- Potential failure of building equipment/systems
- Potential radiation exposure to staff due to overcrowding and lack of appropriate space within radiochemistry labs & cleanrooms

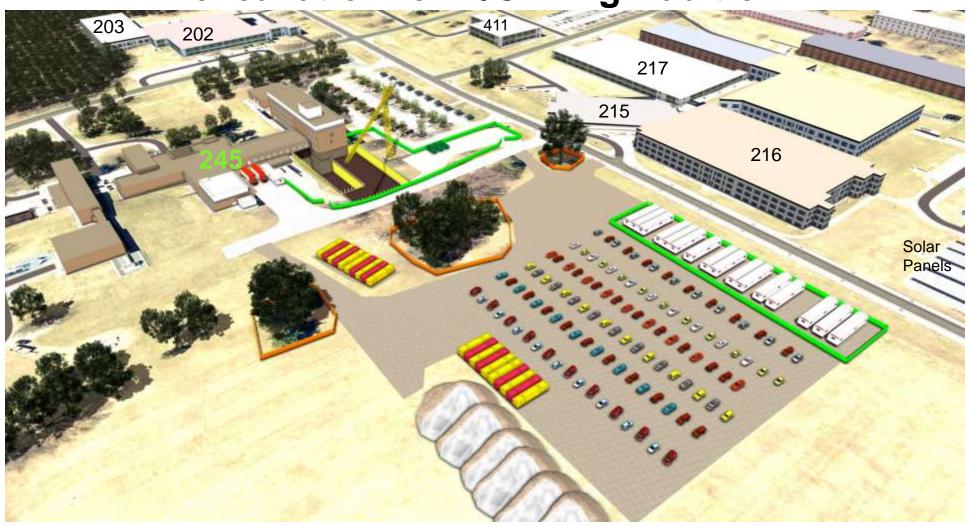
### Risks inherent to the Modernization

- Project funding not made available in coordination with the project plan (resolved in FY16)
- Potential disruption to the research program



Facility Deficiency Summary (2016 FCI rating= 35.5, DM=\$69M)

# **Summer/Fall 2017 - Basement excavation for B/C Wing Addition**





## Summer/Fall 2017 - Basement excavation





# Summer/Fall 2018 – Structure of B/C Wing addition taking shape





# Spring/Summer 2019 – Nearing completion of B/C wing addition



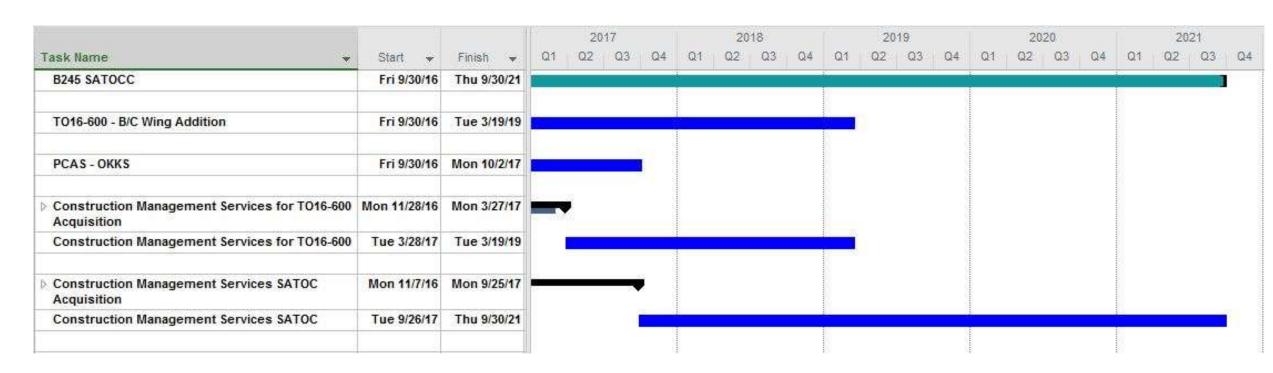






# **Building 245 Renovation Status**

### <u>Contract Actions – Ongoing and Pending</u>



### **Fitout Contracts**

- IT
- Telephones
- OU Equipment
- Security



# **Building 245 Modernization Program Status**

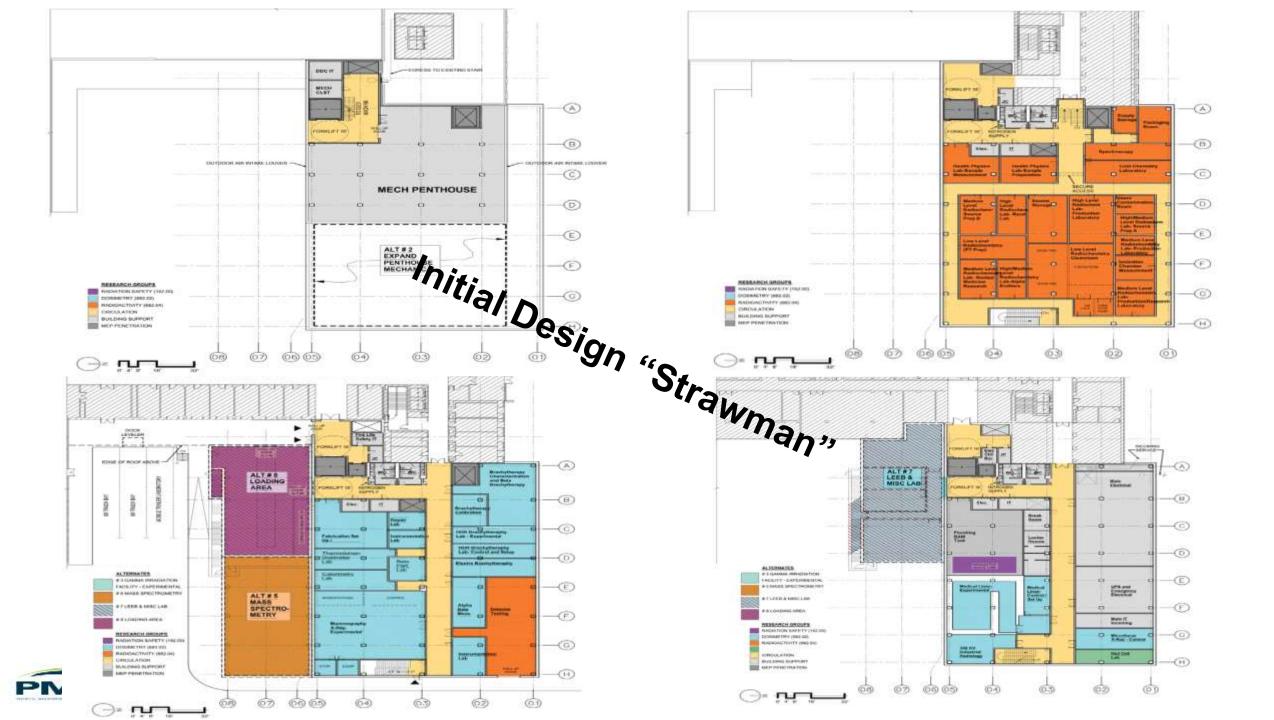
Initial Funding \$60 M (awarded 30 Sept 2016)



90 Day Milestones						
Start Pre-Concept Design (10%)	<del>21 Nov 2016</del>					
Continuing Res. Approved (cont. with FY16 budget)	9 Dec 2016					
Round 2 Design Interviews	<del>12-14 Dec 2016</del>					
Conference Trailer Onsite	Mid-Jan 2017					
Site survey complete (incl. core drilling)	<del>31 Jan 2017</del>					
Submit Pre-Concept Design	<del>21 Feb 2017</del>					
Temp. power electrical duct-bank to trailer	<del>Jan-Feb 2017</del>					
Pre-Concept Design Conference	~15 Mar 17					
Groundbreaking Ceremony	TBD (Spring)					
Building Outage (Electrical)	28 Apr – 1 May					
Construction set-up	~1 May 2017					

Upcoming Design Activities						
Round 1 User Group Interviews	21/22 Nov and 29/30 Nov					
Round 2 User Group Interviews	<del>12-14 Dec</del>					
Round 3 User Group Interviews	<del>10-12 Jan</del>					
Submit Pre-Concept Design	<del>21 Feb</del>					
NIST Review/Comment	<del>21 Feb – 8 Mar</del>					
GRSD review	<del>8 Mar</del>					
Pre-Concept Design Conference	DONE 22-23 Mar					





# **Building 245 Modernization User Meetings**

Agenda for Tenant Program Verification Meeting Cycle 3 (example):

- Items distributed in advance for review and comment:
  - Revised building drawings
  - Updated lab layout plans with power/data/equipment locations
  - Room Data Sheets with changes from RFP tracked
- Sequence of Activities for each lab space:
  - Discussions of lab plans to confirm layout
  - Confirm specific fume hood requirements (as applicable)
  - Confirm chemicals + quantities to be used
  - Confirm finishes (floors/walls/ceilings)
  - Summary of any outstanding items to be completed in preparation for final sign-off at pre-Design Conference

		201101, 11.30 12.30	1.	1 1				
		12:30pm - 6pm						
		RadioChemistry - Continued						
682.04	A.5.2	Cold Chemistry Laboratory (adjacent to radiochemistry)	NEW-682.04-1	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Jerome La Rosa	Brian Zimmerman, Denis Bergeron, Svetlana Nour, Jacqueline Mann, Jerome La Rosa		
682.04		Spectroscopy	C109/E108	Dr. Michael Unterwegger	Brian Zimmerman	Jerry Larosa, Ron Colle, Liz Laureano-Perez, Amanda Forster, Brian Zimmerman, Jeff Cessna, Jeff Cessna		
682.04	A.5.8	Source Storage	NEW-682.04-4	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Lizbeth Laureano-Perez	Liz Laureano-Perez, , Jeffrey Cessna, Jacqueline Mann		
682.04	A.5.3.5	High/Medium Level Radiochemistry Lab-Alpha Emitters	B157	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Lizbeth Laureano-Perez	Jacqueline Mann, Lizbeth Laureano-Perez, Ronald Colle		
682.04	A.5.3.8	Medium Level Radiochemistry- Source Preparation B	B046	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Lizbeth Laureano-Perez	Jerry Larosa, Liz Laureano-Perez, Larry Lucas, Leticia Pibida		
682.04	A.5.3.3	High Level Radiochemistry Lab- Research Laboratory	E105	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Jeffrey Cessna	Jerome La Rosa, Jeffrey Cessna, Ryan Fitzgerald		
682.04	A.5.3.9	Medium Level Radiochemistry Lab-Nuclear Medicine Research	E106	Dr. Michael Unterweger	Jeffrey Cessna	Jerome La Rosa, Jeffrey Cessna, Ryan Fitzgerald		



## **Building 245 Modernization Program Status:**

